WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2018 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 397

BY SENATORS SYPOLT, FACEMIRE, ROMANO, AND CLINE

[Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary;

Reported on February 9, 2018]

- A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section,
 designated §5-15-9, relating to making it a misdemeanor to impersonate a person who is
- 3 blind or disabled; making it a misdemeanor for a person to fraudulently represent himself
- 4 or herself to be the owner or trainer of a service animal; and establishing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 15. WHITE CANE LAW.

§5-15-9. Fraudulent representation; penalties.

- 1 (a) Any person who falsely represents to another that he or she is a person who is blind 2 or a person with a disability with the intent to obtain any right or privilege protected by the 3 provisions of §5-15-4 of this code is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be 4 fined not more than \$200 or confined in jail for not more than 10 days, or both fined and confined. 5 (b) Any person who falsely represents that an animal is a service animal in order to obtain any right or privilege protected by the provisions of §5-15-4 of this code is guilty of a misdemeanor 6 7 and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$200 or confined in jail for not more than 10 8 days, or both fined and confined. 9 (c) Notwithstanding the penalty provisions of §5-15-9(a) or §5-15-9(b) of this code, any 10 person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of §5-15-9(a) or §5-15-9(b) of this code 11 shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or confined in jail for not more than 30 days, or both fined and 12 confined. 13 (d) A right or privilege protected by the provisions of §5-15-9(a) of this code includes but
- 14 is not limited to use of a service animal for assistance purposes.

1